

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS BASIC CONTROLLER MODULE SD6





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1 General information

This operating instructions makes it possible to use the SD6-Electronics safely and according to specification. The operating instructions includes instructions which Wandfluh as the manufacturer, or its resale organisations (Wandfluh sister companies or distributors), provide to users within their duty to instruct.

For this purpose, the operating instructions mainly includes:

- information about use according to specification, installation and commissioning of the SD6-Electronics
- information about safety in dealing with control.

2 **Product description**

2.1 General

The SD6-Electronics is integrated in a case for top-hat rail fastening. The connections are provided by terminal screw blocks.

2.2 Field of application

The field of application of the SD6-Electronics is situated in the industrial field.

2.3 Conformity

The SD6-Electronics have been developed and tested in accordance with the latest technical standards. Applied in particular was the EU Guideline 2004/108/EG (EMC Guideline).

2.4 Labelling of the product

With the PC parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6, the following information can be directly read-off the SD6-Electronics (=electronic type code):

- Part number
- Serial number
- Software version
- Firmware version
- Card type
- Hardware configuration



2.5 Type code

	S D6	3 🗌 2		#
Module for electrical control cubicle	L L	111	1111	- 1
Digital				
Parameters to be set with PASO				
Software configuration (function of card): • Basic controller 3 • Enhanced controller 6				
2-solenoid version				
Supply voltage: 24 VDC D2 12 VDC D3		A.,		
Digital controller module Basic: • Analogue input 1: voltage; Analogue input 2: cu • Analogue input 1 and 2: both voltage • Analogue input 1 and 2: both current	urrent	0 1 2		
Digital controller module Enhanced: • Analogue input 1 and 3: both voltage • Analogue input 2 and 4: both current • Analogue input 1 to 4: all voltage • Analogue input 1 to 4: all current • Analogue input 1 and 2: both voltage Analogue input 3 and 4: both current • Analogue input 3 and 4: both current		4 5 6 7 8		
Digital controller module Basic: • Analogue input 1 und 2: 10-Bit resolution	A			
Digital controller module Enhanced: • Analogue input 1 and 2: 10-Bit resolution Analogue input 3 and 4: 16-Bit resolution	B			
Option field bus: • without field bus (with analogue input signal) • with Profibus DP	A B			
Design-Index (Subject to change)				



2.6 Technical Data

2.6.1 General specifications

Design	Integrated in electronic case for top-hat rail clamping
Dimension	Amplifier and Basic Controller: 105 x 114 x 22.5mm
	Enhanced Controller: 105 x 114 x 45mm
	Amplifier and Controller with Profibus: 105 x 114 x 45mm
Mounting	For top-hat rail clamping
Weight	Amplifier and Basic Controller: 130g
	Enhanced Controller: 220g
	Amplifier and Controller with Profibus: 240g
Connection	Terminal screw blocks, max dimension 2.5mm ²
	1 USB interface (connector type B)
Protection class	IP30 acc. to EN 60 529



2.6.2 Electrical specifications

Supply voltage			24 VDC
(depending on the type)	or 12 VDC		
Voltage range	Supply voltage 24 VDC:		21 30 VDC
	Supply voltage 12 VDC:		10,5 15 VDC
Ripple on supply voltage			< ±5 %
Fuse	Customer must integ	rate a slow fuse into hi	is electrical system
Temperature drift		<	1% with ∆T = 40°C
No load current			40 50 mA
Max. solenoid current	24VDC version		1.8 A
	12VDC version		2.3 A
Analogue inputs	2 differential inputs 1	0-Bit	
	Both inputs are not g	alvanically separated	
	SD6332DX 0 -AX	Analogue input 1:	0±10VDC
		Analogue input 2:	020mA, 420mA
	SD6332DX1-AX	Analogue input 1:	0±10VDC
		Analogue input 2:	0±10VDC **
	SD6332DX 2 -AX	Analogue input 1:	020mA, 420mA
		Analogue input 2:	020mA, 420mA
	**) 010VDC on SD	6 with Profibus)	
Input resistance	Voltage input against	t ground	> 18 kOhm
	Burden for current in	put	= 250 Ohm
Digital inputs	2 inputs active-high		
	Switching threshold high 6 - 30VDC		
	Switching threshold I	OW	0 - 1VDC
Serial interface	1 USB interface (Cor	nnector Type B)	
Stabilised output voltage	Supply voltage 24 VE	DC:	+ 10 VDC
		20.	
	Supply voltage 12 VL	DC:	
		a adiuatabla	
Solenoid current	Minimum current Imin adjustable 0 950 mA		0 950 MA
			Imin 18A
	Supply voltage 12 VDC: Imin 2.3 A		
Dithor	Supply voltage 12 vDO. IIIIII 2.5 A Frequency adjustable 20 250 Hz		
Dittier	l evel adjustable 0 200 mA		0 200 mA
Digital outputs	2 outputs Lowside Sv	witch	0 200 11/1
	Umax		40 VDC
	Imax		-0.7 A
EMC			
Immunity	EN 61000-6-2		
Emission	EN 61000-6-4		

2.6.3 Environment

Storage	packing:	The module must be stored in the original packing
	Temperature range:	-25 +85° C
	Resistance to alkali and acid:	The module must be protected against alkalis and acids
In operation	Temperature range	-20 +70° C The total solenoid current of simultaneously powered solenoids depends on the ambient temperature. Further information can be found in chapter Solenoid outputs and ambient temperature 7 ^h .
	Resistance to alkali and acid:	The module must be protected against alkalis and acids



2.6.4 Solenoid Outputs and Ambient Temperature

If only one solenoid output is powered at a time, then there are no restrictions and the single solenoid current may reach the maximum current according to the <u>Electrical Specifications</u> over the whole temperature range.

But the total solenoid current of simultaneously powered solenoids depends on the ambient temperature. Exceeding this current limit will trip the overcurrent protection circuit, the SD6 falls into the failure state and blocks all function.

Solenoids can be powered simultaneously, i.e.on the amplifier in operating mode 4, or with inverted solenoid outputs.

If solenoids are powered with more voltage than their nominal voltage and are so over-energized, then at fast switching-on, the overcurrent protection may trip and the SD6 may fall into failure state and block all function.

The following graphics shows the maximum allowed total solenoid current over ambient temperature when both solenoids are powered at the same time.



SD6: Derating of Total Solenoid Current when both Solenoid Outputs activated simultaneously



2.7 Block diagram

Driving through the analogue interface:





3 Safety rules

3.1 Installation / Commissioning / Parameterisation

- These operating instructions have to be carefully studied beforehand and the instructions are to be complied with.
- Prior to the installation, all power supply voltages and any other energy sources have to be disconnected.
- The installation/assembly must only be carried out by specialist personnel with electrical knowledge.
- Take into account precautionary measures concerning components on the module, which are subject to damage as a result of electrostatic discharge.
- Wrong manipulations by the personnel cannot be prevented by the SD6-Electronics.
- Before the switching on of the supply voltage, the fuse protection, the correct wiring and the conformity of the power supply voltage with the permissible supply voltage range have to be verified.



- The SD6-Electronics monitors the working conditions within the electronics and within the installation. Uncontrolled movements or force changes caused by unforeseen errors of the SD6-Electronics cannot be prevented in any case.
- Danger for persons has to be avoided by installing an emergency stop device which cuts off the power to the system.



4 Construction and Function

Refer to section <u>"Block diagram"</u> 8.

4.1 Introduction

- All inputs and outputs have to be contacted through the terminal screw block
- At the device front panel, there is a USB interface, through which the parameterisation and the diagnostics can be made by using the PC-Parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6
- In the factory, the SD6-Electronics are adjusted with the default values. The adjustment to the valves being used, has to performed by the user.

4.2 Description of the Function

With the "SD6"-Electronics, it is possible to build different closed circuit controls: positional control -, speed -, pressure - or volume flow control systems. They can optionally be adjusted in the form of a controller mode. In addition, an amplifier part is integrated, with which the connected valve resp. its solenoid is directly driven.

The command value is conducted to the controller as an electric signal, a sensor records the feedback value, this signal is also conducted to the controller. In correspondence with the control difference (command value - feedback value), a control signal (solenoid current) is output to the valve.

By means of the scaling of the command value and feedback value, all further inputs can be made in the required, resp., selectable physical unit (e.g., bar or mm, etc.). When the command value has been reached, then the "SD6" is capable of outputting a digital signal (optionally an "Error"- or "Target window reached "-signal).

The "SD6" - controller has a command value generator, with which the up - and down ramp of the internal command value can be predefined. The controller is designed as a PID - controller. The control characteristics as a result of this can be equalised and adapted to the control circuit. Furthermore, it is also possible to switch-off the control system completely for testing - and adjusting purposes. The "SD6" in this case operates in correspondence with normal amplifier electronics.

Furthermore, the "SD6" - electronics have two digital inputs for the enabling resp. for the switching to solenoid B (only mode of operation 5), as well as two digital outputs, which generate an "Error -" resp. "Target window reached" - output.

Changed parameters can be saved in a non-volatile memory, so that following a renewed switching-on of the control system they are still available once again.

The "SD6" - electronics in addition have a signal recording function. By means of PASO, this makes possible a recording of different system signals, such as, e.g., command value / feedback value, control difference, solenoid currents, etc., which are able to be graphically displayed on a common time axis.

4.3 Characteristic optimisation

The SD6 electronics are provided with a possibility to optimise the characteristic "Preset value input – solenoid current output". The user is able to create a characteristic (e.g. a linearised characteristic) which matches his own application. The characteristic optimisation can be turned on or off (refer to "Parameters_Valves" on page 21). This setting is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version higher than 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version higher than 1.5.0.9!



4.4 SD6 State machine

In the following, with the help of a status diagram it is described, how the start-up of the SD6-Electronics takes place and which statuses are reached when and how.



The following table describes the possible statuses and what is done in these statuses:

Status	Description		
Disabled	 The SD6-Electronics are disabled, no solenoid current will be active In this state, with the command "Local operation" resp. "PASO operation" (refer to section <u>"Commands_Local Operating / PASO" section</u>) the operating mode can be set. 		
Active	 The SD6-Electronics are enabled The SD6-Electronics can be operated according to the selected operating mode Changing the operating mode is not possible 		

The following table describes the transitions from one status to the next one:

Transition	Description
TR_0	Switching-on the supply voltage
TR_1	Enable This is made in the operating mode "Local" through the digital input "Enable control" (refer to section <u>"Digital inputs</u> " [13]) and in the operating mode "Remote PASO" through the command "Enable" (refer to section <u>"Commands_Disable / Enable</u> " [58]).
TR_2	Disable This is made in the operating mode "Local" through the digital input "Enable control" (refer to section <u>"Digital inputs</u> " [13]) and in the operating mode "Remote PASO" through the command "Enable" (refer to section <u>"Commands_Disable / Enable</u> " [58]).



4.5 Operating mode

The SD6-Electronics have 2 operating modes. The following table describes, what can be done in the different operating modes and how they can be activated:

Operating mode	Activating with	Description
Local	Menu point "Commands_Local Operating"	Operating via analogue and digital inputs on the SD6-Electronics
Remote PASO	Menu point "Commands_PASO Operating	Operating direct with the PASO

The current operating mode is displayed in the status line (refer to section <u>"Starting of PASO DSV/SD6"</u> [71]). For more information about the operating mode "Local" and "Remote", please refer to section <u>"Commands_Local Operating / PASO</u> [58].

4.6 Analogue inputs

- The applied analogue signal is digitised in the 10Bit A/D converter
- Attention: By the input range 4 ... 20mA, the resolution is < 10Bit!

• Differential inputs

All analogue inputs are differential inputs. Differential inputs are used if the ground potential of the external command value generator does not agree with the ground on the SD6-Electronics.

If the differential input is intended to use like an analogue input against ground, the - (minus) connection of the differential input must be connected to the ground of the SD6-Electronics. In this case please attend that the solenoid current can cause a voltage drop between the SD6-Electronics and the power supply. It is recommended to connect the - (minus) connection as near as possible to the power supply.

SD6-Type	Analogue input 1	Analogue input 2
SD6332DX 0 -AX	010VDC 0±10VDC (Only with 2-solenoids control modes)	020mA, 420mA
SD6332DX 1 -AX	010VDC 0±10VDC (Only with 2-solenoids control modes)	010VDC 0±10VDC (Only with 2-solenoids control modes, not on SD6 with Profibus)
SD6332DX 2 -AX	020mA, 420mA	020mA, 420mA



4.7 Cablebreak detection

The analogue inputs with input signal range of 4...20mA can be detected for a cablebreak. If a cablebreak is present (input signal less than 3mA), the corresponding solenoid outputs will be blocked and the output "Error" will be active. The following conditions had to be performed:

- The input signal must be a current value 4 ... 20mA
- The parameter "Cablebreak" must be on "On"



Attention: Until a cablebreak will be detected, a time delay of about 100ms will pass. During this time, the cylinder can make unintentional movements or unintentional force changes.

4.8 Digital inputs

• Digital input 1 " Enable control"

The digital input is active-high (refer to section <u>"Electrical specifications</u>" ⁶). If this input is set, the SD6-Electronics are enabled. Without this enable, no solenoid current will be output. This digital input can be set also through the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 (refer to section <u>"Configuration_Digital I/O"</u> ⁵³).

• Digital input 2 "Solenoid B"

In the operating mode "Command value unipolar (2-solenoids, toggled by digital input 2)" (refer to section "<u>Mode of operation</u>" (17)) the solenoid B is active if the digital input 2 is "active". If the the digital input 2 is "inactive" then the solenoid A is active. This digital input can be set also through the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 (refer to section "Configuration Digital I/O" [53]).

4.9 Outputs

- Proportional solenoid outputs A and B
 The max. 2 solenoid outputs have a current output with 1000 Hz Pulse-Width-Modulation with superimposed dither.
- Digital output 1 "Error"

The digital output can be configured by the PASO DSV/SD6 Software as "Error"-signalisation or set set fixed on 0 or 1 (refer to section <u>"Configuration Digital I/O"</u> [53]).

 Digital output 2 "Solenoid B active" or "Target window reached" According to the parameterized Control Mode, this Digital Output shows the following function:
 "Solenoid B active" in open loop control modes 3 and 6
 "Target Window reached" in closed loop control modes 4, 7, 9

(refer to section <u>"Configuration Digital I/O"</u> 53).

The digital output can also be set fixed to 0 or 1 by the PASO DSV/SD6 Software.

4.10 Controller Modes

The SD6-Electronics provide the following controller modes:

• Controller mode 3 "Pressure/flow valve open loop"

Control of a pressure relief-, pressure reducing- or flow control valve in open loop (without feedback signal). The number of solenoids, which are activated, depends on the selected mode of operation (refer to section "Mode of operation" [40]).

This mode of operation corresponds to the "Device Control Mode = 3" of the fieldbus device profile Fluid Power Technology.



• Controller mode 4 "Pressure/flow valve closed loop (1-sol)"

Control of a 1-solenoid pressure relief-, pressure reducing- or flow control valve in closed loop (with feedback signal). It can only be activated one solenoid (correspond to solenoid driver 1).

In this controller mode, the parameter "Mode of operation" has no meaning (refer to section <u>"Mode of Operation</u>" [40]).

This mode of operation corresponds to the "Device Control Mode = 4" of the fieldbus device profile Fluid Power Technology.

Example Application:

Pressure Control: with one proportional pressure relief valve, the pressure p is held constant to the command pressure value w.



Example Application: Flow Control: with one proportional throttle valve, the flow Q is held constant to the flow command value w.



• Controller mode 6 "Position open loop"

Control of a spool valve in open loop (without feedback signal).

The number of solenoids, which are activated, depends on the selected mode of operation (refer to section "Mode of operation" [40]).

This mode of operation corresponds to the "Device Control Mode = 6" of the fieldbus device profile Fluid Power Technology.



• Controller mode 7 "Speed control closed loop (2-sol)"

Control of a 2-solenoid pressure relief-, pressure reducing- or flow control valve in closed loop (with feedback signal). It can be activated two solenoids.

In this controller mode, the parameter "Mode of operation" has no meaning (refer to section <u>"Mode of Operation</u>" [40⁻]).

This mode of operation corresponds to the "Device Control Mode = 7" of the fieldbus device profile Fluid Power Technology.



Controller mode 9 "Position closed loop"

Control of a 2-solenoid spool valve in closed loop (with feedback signal). It can be activated two solenoids.

In this controller mode, the parameter "Mode of operation" has no meaning (refer to section <u>"Mode of Operation</u>" [40]).

This mode of operation corresponds to the "Device Control Mode = 9" of the fieldbus device profile Fluid Power Technology.

Example application: with a 4/3-proportional-spool valve, the axis position is held constant to the command position value w..



• Controller mode –5 "Pressure control closed loop (2-sol)"



Control of two 1-solenoid throttle valves in closed loop (with feedback signal) as a pressure reducing system. One throttel valve is the loading valve, the other throttel valve is the unloading valve. The loading valve corresponds to solenoid driver 1, the unloading valve to the solenoid driver 2.

In this controller mode, the parameter "Mode of operation" has no meaning (refer to section "Mode of Operation" [40]). This controller mode is a WANDFLUH specific controller mode and does not correspond to the fieldbus

device profile Fluid Power Technology.



This setting is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version > 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version > 1.5.0.9!



4.11 Mode of operation

The mode of operation is only of significance in controller mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop", "Position open loop" and "pQ control (2-sol)". In all other controller modes the mode of operation is not taken into consideration. The following 4 modes of operation are possible:

• Mode of operation 1 "Command value unipolar (1-solenoid)"

This mode of operation is only selectable with the 1-solenoid version. With an analogue input (voltage or current) with a 1-solenoid valve the solenoid A is driven. 0% ... 100% command value = Imin ... Imax solenoid A



Mode of operation 2 "Command value unipolar (2-solenoid)" This mode of operation is only selectable with the 2-solenoid version. With an analogue input (voltage or current) with a directional control valve, solenoid A and solenoid B are driven.

0% ... 50% command value = Imax ... Imin solenoid B 50% ... 100% command= Imin ... Imax solenoid A value



• Mode of operation 3 "Command value bipolar (2-solenoid)"

This mode of operation is only selectable with the 2-solenoid version. With an analogue input (voltage) of $0 \dots \pm 10V$ with a directional control valve, solenoid A (positive voltage) and solenoid B (negative voltage) are driven.

-100% ... 0% command value = Imax ... Imin solenoid B 0% ... 100% command= Imin ... Imax solenoid A





• Mode of operation 5 "Command value unipolar (2-solenoid)"

This mode of operation is only selectable with the 2-solenoid version.

With an analogue input (voltage or current) with a directional control valve, depending on the digital input 2, solenoid A or solenoid B is driven.

Digital input 2 "low":

0% ... 100% command= Imin ... Imax solenoid A

value,

Digital input 2 "high":

0% ... 100% command= Imin ... Imax solenoid B





5 Operating and Indicating elements

5.1 General

All inputs and outputs have to be contacted through the terminal screw blocks. On the front panel of the electronic housing, there is a USB interface, through which the parameterisation and the diagnostics can be made by using the PC-Parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6.

5.2 Screw terminator view



Digital input1
Digital input 2
Digital output 1
Digital output 2
Supply voltage +
Supply voltage 0 VDC
Stabilised output voltage
Analogue ground

Top view of box



X1-9 =	Analogue input 1 +
X1-10 =	Analogue input 1 -
X1-11 =	Analogue input 2 +
X1-12 =	Analogue input 2 -
X1-13 =	Output Solenoid B +
X1-14 =	Output Solenoid B -
X1-15 =	Output Solenoid A +
X1-16 =	Output Solenoid A -

Bottom view of box



5.3 Control elements

5.3.1 General

The front panel of the SD6-Electronics contains the connector to the USB-Interface. Additionally the front panel is provided with three LED's, which inform the user about the device functioning.



Front panel view

5.3.2 ERROR-LED (red)

The ERROR-LED displays, when an error is detected (refer to section <u>"The system does not work"</u> [65]).

5.3.3 FUNCTION-LED (yellow)

In the controller modes "Pressure/flow valve open loop" and "Position open loop" the FUNCTION-LED is lighting as soon as a solenoid current is forced (solenoid A and/or solenoid B).

In the controller modes "Pressure/flow valve closed loop", "Speed control closed loop", "Position closed loop" and "Pressure control closed loop" the FUNCTION-LED is lighting when the target window is reached.

In the controller modes "pQ-control" and "Alternating control" the FUNCTION-LED is lighting depending on the state of the digital output 2 (refer to section <u>"Configuration Digital I/O"</u> [53])

5.3.4 SUPPLY-LED (green)

The SUPPLY-LED is lighting, when the SD6-electronics are supplied.



5.3.5 USB-interface

The USB-interface allows the parameterisation and the analysis of the SD6-electronics by PASO software. The connection to the PC is realised by standard USB-cables (USB Type A connector PC-side, USB Type B connector SD6-side).

View of the USB-interface:



X2-1 = VBUS X2-2 = D-X2-3 = D+ X2-4 = GND

Connector USB Type B

Hint: The USB-cable is not included.



6 Commissioning

Please refer to section <u>"Safety rules"</u> 9.

6.1 Connection instructions

The contact assignment of the following description refers to section <u>"Operating and Indicating elements</u>" [19] and to section <u>"Connection examples</u>" [24].

For an **installation / connection appropriate for EMC**, the following points absolutely have to be observed:

- Cable length longer than 10m requires shielded cables. The shield of the cable must only be connected with the earthing on the switchboard side using a large surface area and low Ohm connection.
- The top-hat rail has to be connected with the earthing with an as short as possible conductor with a strand cross section >= 1.5 mm².
- Solenoid- and signal cables must not be laid parallel to high voltage cables.

6.1.1 Supply voltage

- For the dimensioning of the power supply, the maximum current demand of the solenoids (in case of directional control valves only the maximum current demand of 1 solenoid) has to be increased by the no load current from the SD6-Electronics (refer to section <u>"Electrical specifications"</u> [5]).
- The limit values of the supply voltage and its residual ripple indispensably have to be complied with (refer to section <u>"Electrical specifications</u>" [5]).
- The SD6-Electronics have to be protected with a slow acting fuse

6.1.2 Digital inputs and outputs

- The digital inputs are active-high and not galvanically separated
- For activation, they have to be connected to a voltage between 6 ... 30VDC (e.g. power supply)



• The digital outputs are "Lowside Switch" outputs (open collector)





6.1.3 Analogue inputs 10-Bit

- There is one voltage and one current input available.
- Both inputs are differential inputs.



6.1.4 Configuration of the analogue inputs 10-Bit

The analogue inputs 10-Bit can be configured as follows:

Input signal	Terminator assignment	Input range
Voltage input against ground	+ to X1-9 / ground to X1-10	0 +10V 0 ±10V
Voltage differential input	+ to X1-9 / - to X1-10	0 +10V 0 ±10V
Current input against ground	+ to X1-11 / ground to X1-12	0 +20mA 4 +20mA
Current differential input	+ to X1-11 / - to X1-12	0 +20mA 4 +20mA



6.2 Connection examples

The contact assignment of the following description refers to section "Operating and Indicating elements" [19].

6.2.1 **Position Control**





7 Settings

Please refer to section <u>"Safety Rules"</u> 9.

7.1 Introduction

- The system- and parameter settings can be made via the RS232 interface with the PC-Parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6.
- For information about the operation via the PC-Parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 please refer to section "PASO DSV/SD6 Installation and Operation".
- Depending on the connected SD6-Electronics, certain settings may be blocked.

7.2 Tips for the first commissioning

- Connect the power supply, leave the SD6-Electronics still switched-off.
- Switch-off the hydraulic drive (hydraulics switched-off).
- Carefully check the connections.
- Switch-on the power supply.
- Establish communication with PASO (connect PC and axis controller with a standard USB cable and start PASO).
- Configure the SD6-Electronics specific to the installation. In doing so, the following sequence should be observed:

1. Make the corresponding settings in the menu "<u>Configuration_Controller mode</u> 40"

2. Select the corresponding mode of operation In the menu "<u>Configuration_Mode of operation</u> 40" (only witht open loop controller modes)

3. make the corresponding settings in the menu "Configuration_Signal scaling 41"

- Switch-on the hydraulics.
- For the card to be enabled, the digital input "Enable Control" has to be set (refer to section "Digital Input [53]").
- Corresponding to the set-point value command, the axis should now run up to the required position.
 If the axis only runs up to the mechanical stop in one direction, then the system control sense is probably wrong (change it in the menu point "Configuration_Controller mode 40")").
- The command value direction (e.g., potentiometer left/right) should correspond to the axis direction. If not, either change the set-point value direction or the feedback value direction (change in the menu point " <u>Configuration Signal scaling 4</u>"). If the feedback value direction is reversed, then simultaneously the connection of the solenoids 1 and 2 have to be switched.
- Set the drive currents of the valves in the menu "Parameter_Valves 32".
- Set the control parameters in the menu "Parameter_Controller 36".
- Make the settings in the menu "Parameter_Window 38".



7.3 Start up help

The following description is intended as a guide for the setting of a control system. It is important that the default order is maintained. The value of each parameter is always system dependent. Larger deviations in the setting can occur quiteof different systems.

Start up Position controller

- The parameter 'Imin A' resp. 'Imin B' should be set in the way that the axis just slightly move
- The parameter 'Imax A' resp. 'Imax B' should be set in the way that the max. desired speed is reached at the axis
- Adjust the desired value for the <u>target window</u> (control deviation < target window threshold = target window reached)
- Adjust the desired value for the <u>trailing error</u> window (control deviation > trailing error window threshold = trailing error)
- Adjust the desired value for the <u>solenoid-off window</u> (control deviation < solenoid off window threshold = solenoids are switched off)

Please note therfore the following:

- The solenoid off function is only active, if the parameter 'Solenoid In position' in the menu <u>'Configuration -</u> <u>Control mode'</u> with the set to 'off'. If it sets to 'on', the solenoid are never switched off
- If the value for the parameter 'Solenoid off threshold' is higher than the value for the parameter 'Target window threshold', then the target window will never be reached (the solenoids are switched off before the target position is reached)
- Using the parameters of the PID controller 36^c, the control behavior can be adjusted
- · Because a position control is a dynamic control system, it can be waived to the I-term in many cases
- First, the P-term should be set
- Therefore increase gradually the parameter 'P-Ampl' until the desired response time is reached, without the system oscillates
- If necessary, the running in the final position can be changed with the I-term
- With the parameter 'Velocity feed forward', the riding of the cylinder can be accelerated. The change of the command value (the increase speed of the command value) is multiplied with this factor and added to the correcting variable of the controller. If this factor is 0, no command value addition is added to the correcting variable
- The parameter 'Command feed forward' should be set to 0 in this control mode

Start up Pressure controller

- Set all <u>controller parameters</u> (P-Ampl, I-Window, I-Time, D-Ampl and D-Time, at a time positive and negative) to 0
- Set parameter 'Command feed forward' to 1.0
- Change the preset value from min to max. The actual value should follow with a difference
- Change the value from the parameter 'Command feed forward' in the case that the difference between preset and actual value is as small as possible. The difference is not the same over the whole range. Select the smalles difference in the range, where the system will work mostly
- Increase the value from the parameter 'P-Ampl'. As long as the system does not start to swing, this parameter can be increased
- Find out the highest control deviation (with the Menu 'Analysis Signal recording' [60])
- The highest control deviation plus 10 bar will be the value for the parameter 'I-Window outside'
- Set parameter 'I-Window Inside' to 1 bar
- Set parameter 'I-Time' to 1 s. If the system is not fast enough, decrease the value from 'I-time'



7.4 Default settings

In the factory, the SD6-Electronics will be set to the following default values:

Parameter Default setting			
Controller mode	Position open loop		
Output solenoid A	Current not inverted		
Output solenoid B	Current not inverted		
Imin always active	no		
System control	Not inverted		
Solenoid 'In Position'	on		
Mode of operation	command value unip. (2-sol)		
Command value signal type	010V		
Command value used input	Analogue input 1		
Command value inverted	no		
Command value cable break detection	no		
Command value scaling	10.000 %/V		
Command value offset	0.00 V		
Command value min. Interface	0.000 V		
Command value max. Interface	10.000 V		
Command value min. Reference	0.0 mm		
mmand value max. Reference 100.0 mm			
Feedback value signal type	e 020mA		
Feedback value used input	Analogue input 2		
Feedback value cable break detection	no		
Feedback value min. Interface	0.000 mA		
Feedback value max. Interface	20.000 mA		
Feedback value min. Reference	0.0 mm		
Feedback value max. Reference	ference 100.0 mm		
Displayed unit	mm		
Dead band	0.0 %		
IminA	150 mA		
ImaxA	700 mA		
IminB	150 mA		
ImaxB	700 mA		
Ramp A up	0.00 s		
Ramp A down	0.00 s		
Ramp B up	0.00 s		
Ramp B down	0.00 s		
Speed +	1000 mm/s		
Speed -	1000 mm/s		
Dither frequency	100 Hz		
Dither level	100 mA		
Command feed forward	0.00		
Velocity feed forward	0.000		
I-Proportion, if control deviation > I-Window outside	set to 0		



Parameter	Default setting	
P-Gain positive	5.0	
I-Time positive	0.100	
I-Window outside positive	5.00	
I-Window inside positive	0.00	
D-Time positive	0.000	
D-Gain positive	0.0	
P-Gain negative	egative 5.0	
I-Time negative	0.100	
I-Window outside negative	5.00	
I-Window inside negative	0.00	
D-Time negative	0.000	
D-Gain negative	0.0	
Target window threshold	10.00 mm	
Target window Delay time	50 ms	
Trailing Error Window	10.00 mm	
Trailing Error Delay time	50 ms	
Solenoid-Off Window Threshold	10.00 mm	
Solenoid-Off Window Delay time	50 ms	

In the sections <u>"Parameters - Menu"</u> and <u>"Configurations - Menu"</u> you will find detailed descriptions of each of these parameters.



7.5 File-Menu

Contained in the File menu are the menu points, which concern the file handling and the printing of the parameters. In the "On Line"-mode, some of these menu points are blocked.

7.5.1 File_New

This menu point is active only in the "Off Line"-mode.

With this command, a new file can be opened. Near it, all parameters are set to default values. A question will be displayed, if the current configuration will be retain or not.

If "Yes" will be selected, the current configuration will not be changed.

If "No" will be selected, a selection window will be displayed. In this window, the following configuration can be selected.

Function	Amplifier
	Amplifier with manual operation
	Amplifier with fixed command values
	Basic Controller
	Enhanced Controller
Analogoutputs	Input 1 voltage or current
	Input 2 voltage or current
	Input 2 current
	only if Function = Enhanced Controller
	Input 3 voltage or current
	Input 4 voltage or current
Number of solenoids	1-Solenoid
	2-Solenoid
Mode of operation	 without mode of operation 'Solenoid single' (only if Function = Amplifier)
	 with mode of operation 'Solenoid single' (only if Function = Amplifier)
Fieldbus	without Fieldbus
	• with Profibus DP (only if Funciton = Amplfier, Basic Controller or Enhanced Controller)

The modified configuration only affects the "Off Line"-mode. By switching to "On Line"-mode the configuration of the connected SD6-electronics will be read in.

7.5.2 File_Open

This menu point is only active in the "Off Line"-mode.

With this command, an existing file from a storage medium is opened. First the file selection window appears. In this window the required file can now be selected and opened with "OK". If the configuration of the selected file does not correspond to the current configuration of the PASO DSV/SD6, a message will be displayed and the current configuration from the PASO DSV/SD6 will change automatically over to the new configuration of the selected file. The read parameter values will be checked in the case of a limiting value excess. If one or more parameter values are outside the tolerance, a message will be displayed and the parameter value will be set to the default value (refer to section "Limiting value error" [72]). The parameter values can now be edited and changed as required under the corresponding menu points.

7.5.3 File_Save

With this command, the parameters are saved on a data storage medium. All parameter values of all input windows are saved under the current file name. If no file name has been defined yet, then first the file selection window appears (refer to section <u>"File Save as..."</u> (30).



7.5.4 File_Save as

With this command, the parameters are saved on a data storage medium. All parameter values of all input windows are saved under the file name entered.

First the file selection window appears. In this window the desired file name can now be entered. If the file name is entered without an extension, then the extension ".par" is automatically assigned to it. After actuating the key "Save", the file information window appears (refer to section <u>"File-Info"</u> (a)). In this window the required entries can now be made. With the key "Save", the file is then finally saved under the selected file name. With the key "Cancel", one changes back to the file window.

7.5.5 File_Print

With this command, the current parameters are printed in ASCII text format. The File_Print window is opened. In this window one can now select, whether the printing process is to be to a printer or to a file.

If the output is to be to a printer, then the Windows printer selection window is opened.. In this window, please do <u>not</u> select "Print to File". If you do, a new program start might possibly be required and you could lose any data not yet saved.

If the output is to be to a file, then the file selection window appears. In this window the desired file name can now be entered. If the file name is entered without an extension, then automatically the extension ".txt" is assigned to it.

7.5.6 File_Info

With this command, the file information of an existing file is displayed. The file information consists of the following parts:

- Date, time Date, time of saving.
- File name: The file name, under which the file has been saved.
- Valve type: The valve type of the connected SD6-Electronics at the moment of saving. If no SD6-Electronics are connected, then this indication remains empty. In case of saving during "On Line Operation", this indication is updated.
- Operator: The name of the originating person.
- Remarks: Possibility to enter remarks concerning the file.

When the File_Info window appears during the execution of the command "File_Save", then the corresponding entries can be made in the various fields (with the exception of "Date", "Time", "File name" and "Card type", which cannot be edited). When the File_Info window appears during the execution of the command "File_File-Info", then the various fields cannot be edited.

7.5.7 File_Activate Off Line / Activate On Line

Off Line

With this command, the connection with the SD6-Electronics is interrupted. All menu points, which call for a communication with the SD6-Electronics, are blocked. The PASO DSV/SD6 software now runs in the "Off Line mode". The loading, saving and the editing of parameter files is possible in this mode.

On Line

With this command, the connection with the SD6-Electronics is established. The communication with the SD6-Electronics is briefly tested. If the connection works, then the user has the option of taking over the parameters from the SD6-Electronics or of transfering the parameters to the SD6-Electronics. During the transfer of the parameters, the user has the possibility of aborting the operation.

Before parameters are transferred to the SD6-Electronics, a verification is carried out as to whether the configuration of the SD6-Electronics supports the parameter values. The configuration corresponds here to the number of the solenoids. If the configuration of the connected SD6-Electronics do not match with the current configuration of the PASO DSV/SD6, a message will be displayed and the current configuration from the PASO DSV/SD6 will change automatically over to the new configuration.

If the parameters have been taken over by the SD6-Electronics, then they will be checked in the case of a limiting value excess. If one or more parameter values are outside the tolerance, a message will be displayed and the parameter value will be set to the default value (refer to section <u>"Limiting value error"</u> T2). The PASO



DSV/SD6 will stay in the "Off Line"-mode. For going On Line in this case, the parameter must be transferred to the SD6-Electronics. If the transfer was successful and the limiting value check was also successful, then the software subsequently runs in the "On Line"-mode. The loading of parameter files is not possible in this mode.

The current mode will be displayed in the status line.

7.5.8 File_SD6 datarecord info

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode.

Under this menu the current data set information of the connected SD6-Electronics appears. The data correspond to the last change to the SD6-Electronics data carried out.

7.5.9 File_Exit

With this command, the PASO DSV/SD6 is terminated. If parameter data have been changed and have not yet been saved, then the question appears, as to whether these data should be saved. This is referring only to the save in file. On the SD6-Electronics, the parameter will be saved automatically by clicking on the button "OK" in the corresponding windows (refer to section "Store parameter" [72]).



7.6 Parameters-Menu

In this window, all parameter values of the SD6-Electronics will be adjusted.

7.6.1 Parameters_Valves

In this window, all settings specific to the valves will be made. In the factory, the SD6-Electronics will be adjusted to the valve. By changing the valves parameters, the valve characteristic is changed also. This has a influence on the system response. With the menu item "Configuration_Default setting", the values set in the factory can be reloaded at any time.

Field	Parameter description	Range / Step
Direct solenoid	If this switch is selected, an internal command value from	
operation	0% resp. 100% will be active during the setting of the Imin	
	resp. Imax. If this switch is not selected, the external	
	command value will be active.	
	This command is only active in the "On Line"-mode	
	and if the operating mode is set to "Remote PASO".	
Solenoid current	The minimum and the maximum solenoid current can be set separately for each solenoid output, corresponding to 0% resp. 100% command value. In the "Off Line"-mode, the displayed current value is the	
	the Imin/Imax values without a solenoid or a valve, connected to the SD6-Electronics.	
	In the "On Line"-mode, if the Imin setting is active, a command value of 0% resp. if the Imax setting is active, a command value of 100% is automatically applied internally	
	(only if the switch "Direct solenoid operation" is selected). As a result of the digitalisation, the numbers entered max	
	Set minimum colonoid ourrent A	0.050m
	(= solenoid current by 0% command value)	1.8mA (24V-Version) 2.3mA (12V-Version)
Imax A	Set maximum solenoid current A.	Imin max. current
	For the max. current refer to section <u>"Electrical</u> specifications" [6 ^b .	2.3mA (12V-Version)
Imin B	Set minimum solenoid current B.	0 950mA
(only 2-solenoid version)	(= solenoid current by 0% command value)	1.9mA (24V-Version) 2.3mA (12V-Version)
Imax B	Set maximum solenoid current B.	Imin max. current
(only 2-solenoid	(= solenoid current by 100% command value)	1.9mA (24V-Version)
version)	For the max. current refer to section <u>"Electrical</u> specifications" [6 [□]]	2.3mA (12V-Version)
Frequency	The dither frequency can be set in steps.	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 70, 80, 100, 125, 165, 250, 500Hz
Level	Level of the superimposed dither signal	0 399mA
		3.8mA (24V-Version) 4.6mA (12V-Version)
Deadband	Command value < Deadband = 0 mA solenoid current A	0 100% 0.1%
	Command value >= Deadband = Imin Imax solenoid current A	
	(Only Controller Mode 3 and 6)	





1-Solenoid version



2-Solenoid version



Characteristic optimisation:

This setting is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version higher than 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version higher than 1.5.0.9!

This menu enables the optimisation of the solenoid current adjustment of SD6-Electronics. A graphic is shown which represents the characteristic "Preset value (X-axis) – Solenoid current (Y-axis)". The graphic consists of 11 points, the first and the last point (100%) are preset.

Index	X-Axis value	Y-Axis value
0	0	0
10	100	100

The other graphic points can be adjusted either by tracking with the mouse or by entering the value at the numeric inputs. The resolution of the X-values is in %, those of the Y-values in 0.1 %. The X-values cannot be falling.



At shipping ex work (default settings) the preset value is transmitted proportionally to the solenoid current (default characteristic). In this case the characteristic "Preset value (X-axis – Solenoid current (Y-axis)" is linear. The same behaviour occurs at any time when the characteristic optimisation is turned off.

By modifying the default linear characteristic "Preset value (X-axis) – Solenoid current (Y-axis)" e.g. a progressiv valve characteristic "Current - Flow/Pressure" can be compensated in such a way that a linear relation between preset value and Flow / Pressure is realised. The characteristic "Preset value (X-axis) – Solenoid current (Y-axis)" in this case should be adjusted in the "opposite progressive" direction (refer to the example characteristic below).

Additionally the characteristic optimisation must be turned on. This will be shown in the PASO-Status line (refer to section <u>"Starting of PASO DSV/SD6"</u> [71]).



The solenoid current values are in the range Imin (0%) up to Imax (100%). Imin and Imax are adjusted in the

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menu "Solenoid current". At an input value which is between two graphic points, the solenoid current is interpolated. If two or more preset values overlap, at the corresponding Preset value the highest current value is calculated.

In the case of an error in the characteristic values, the characteristic optimisation is automatically turned off.

7.6.2 Parameters_Ramps

In this window all settings of the ramp function are made. The ramps can only be set in the controller mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop" and "Position open loop". In all other controller modes the ramp settings have no significance.

Field	Parameter description	Range / Step size
Ramps	After a command value jump the new command value is run-up to over a linear ramp (depending on the ramp time set). For both solenoids separately a ramp time Up and a ramp time Down can be set.	
Ramp A Up	The ramp time set refers to a command value jump from 0% to 100% for the solenoid A.	0 51s 0.05s
Ramp A Down	The ramp time set refers to a command value jump from 100% to 0% for the solenoid A.	0 51s 0.05s
Ramp B Up (only 2-solenoid version)	The ramp time set refers to a command value jump from 0% to 100% for the solenoid B.	0 51s 0.05s
Ramp B Down (only 2-solenoid version)	The ramp time set refers to a command value jump from 100% to 0% for the solenoid B.	0 51s 0.05s

7.6.3 Parameter_Command Value Generator

In this window all settings concerning the command value generator are made. The command value generator can only be set in the controller modes 4, 7, and 9. In all other controller modes, the command value generator settings have no significance.

Feld	Parameter description	Range / step size
Speed+	After a positive command value jump the new command value is run-up to over a linear ramp (depending on the speed+ set). On the actuator this corresponds to a certain travel speed.	0 2000 0.01
Speed–	After a negative command value jump the new command value is run-up to over a linear ramp (depending on the speed– set). On the actuator this corresponds to a certain travel speed.	0 2000 0.01

HINT: The limitation of speed can be disabled by entering the value 0. In this case, the command value acts **undelayed** onto the solenoid(s).



7.6.4 Parameter_Controller

In this window all settings concerning the controller are made. The controller is split-up into two independent blocks for positive and negative control difference. With this, asymmetrical characteristics of the hydraulic system can be compensated for.

Symmetrical setting	If this function is activated, the setting changes of a	
	controller block are also transferred to the other controller block.	
Command feed	The command value is multiplied with this factor and added	0 10
forward	to the correcting variable of the controller. If this factor is 0,	0.1
	no command value proportion is added to the correcting	
	variable.	
Velocity feed forward	The change of the command value (the increase speed of	0 10
	the command value) is multiplied with this factor and added	0.1
	to the correcting variable of the controller. If this factor is 0,	
	no command value addition is added to the correcting	
I-term, if control	I-term is set to 0 if control deviation is outside the outside	set to U
Uevialion >	I-willow.	
I-window outside	I-vindow.	leave value
I-term, if controller is	I-term is set to 0 if the corresponding controller is not active	
not active	I-term is held if the corresponding controller is not active	
	This parameter is only available with controller mode "pQ	
	control (2-sol)" and "Alternating control (2-sol)"	
P-amplification	P-amplification factor for positive control difference.	0 25
positive		0.1
I-window outside	Defines the outside I-window. If the control difference is	Adapted to unit
positive	within this window, the i-proportion is calculated with the set	
	I-time positive.	
I-window inside	Defines the inside I-window. If the control difference is within this window, the I proportion is freezed	Adapted to unit
D omplification	D emplification factor for positive control difference	0 10
positive		010
I-time positive	Reaction time for the integrator. If the time is set to 0s the	0 10s
	integrator is switched off.	0.01s
D-time positive	Defines the time window, how long after a positive set-point	0 10s
	value jump the D-controller is to be active.	0.1s
P-amplification	P-amplification factor for negative control difference.	0 25
negative		0.1
I-window outside	Defines the outside I-window. If the control difference is	Adapted to unit
negative	within this window, the I-proportion is calculated with the set	
	I-time negative.	
I-window inside	Defines the inside I-window. If the control difference is within	Adapted to unit
negative	this window, the I-proportion is freezed	
D-amplification	D-amplification factor for negative control difference.	0 10
negative		
I-time negative	Reaction time for the integrator. If the time is set to 0s, then	0 10s
	the integrator is switched off.	0.01s
D-time negative	Defines the time window, how long after a negative set-point	0 10s
	value jump the D-controller is to be active.	0.1s


Example with outside and inside I-window:



Block diagram of the controller:



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7.6.5 Parameter_Window

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Target window threshold	Defines the target window.	Adapted to unit
	HINT: This signal is routed to digital output 2, and it's state is displayed in the Analysis-Window of PASO (refer to section <u>"Analysis_Values"</u> [60]).	
Target window delay time	Delay time when falling below and exceeding the target window threshold.	0 100ms 1ms
Trailing error window threshold	Defines the trailing window. HINT: This signal's state is displayed in the Analysis-Window of PASO (refer to section "Analysis_Values" [60]).	Adapted to unit
Trailing error window delay time	Delay time when falling below and exceeding the target window threshold.	0 100ms 1ms
Solenoid-off window threshold	Defines the solenoid-off window. If the control difference is within this window, the solenoid outputs are switched off.	Adapted to unit
Solenoid-off window delay time	Delay time when falling below and exceeding the solenoid-off window threshold.	0 100ms 1ms

Target window::





Trailing error window:



Solenoid-off window:





7.7 Configuration-Menu

In this window, the settings of the function of the SD6-Electronics will be made.

7.7.1 Configuration_Controller mode

In this window the configuration for the controller is made. Depending on the selected controller mode not all parameters can be adjusted.

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Controller mode	Select the desired controller mode (refer to section <u>"Controller modes</u> " [13 ⁻]). Depending on the selected controller mode it is possible that other parameters are adjusted automatically.	Pressure/flow valve open loop = 3 Pressure/flow valve closed loop (1-sol) = 4 Position open loop = 6 Speed control closed loop (2-sol) = 7 Position control closed loop (2-sol) = 9 Pressure control closed loop (2-sol) = -5
Output solenoid A	Solenoid output A can be inverted. Cannot be selected with the controller modes 6 and 9.	inverted not inverted
Output solenoid B	Solenoid output B can be inverted. Cannot be selected with the controller modes 6 and 9.	inverted not inverted
System control sense	With this function the solenoid outputs can be interchanged. With solenoid current A the solenoid output B is driven and with solenoid current B the solenoid output A is driven	inverted not inverted
Solenoid 'In Position'	off: Solenoids are switched off, when the solenoid-off window is reached. on: Solenoids are not switched off, even when the solenoid-off window is reached (refer to section <u>"Parameter_Window</u> " [38])	off on
Imin always active (Position)	If this function is activated, then the solenoid current is never less than Imin. With the control mode "Alternating control (2-sol)", this parameter effects to the position controller	no yes
Imin always active (Pressure)	If this function is activated, then the solenoid current is never less than Imin. With the control mode "Alternating control (2-sol)", this parameter effects to the pressure controller	no yes

7.7.2 Configuration_Mode of operation

This menu point is only active in the SD6-state "Disabled" (refer to section "SD6 State Machine" [1]).

In this window the operating mode of the SD6-Electronics is set. The operating mode can only be selected in case of controller mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop", "Position open loop", "Speed control closed loop (2-sol)" and "pQ control (2-sol)", in case of all other controller modes the operating mode has no significance.

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Operating mode	Select the required operating mode (refer to	Command value unipolar (1-sol)
	section <u>"Mode of Operation</u> " 40).	Command value unipolar (2-sol)
	Depending on the selected operating mode it may	Command value bipolar (2-sol)
	be, that the signal type is automatically adapted.	Command value unipolar (2-sol,
		selectable by digital input)



7.7.3 Configuration_Signal scaling

This menu point is only active in the SD6-state "Disabled" (refer to section "SD6 State Machine" [11]).

In this window the settings and the scaling of the command value - and feedback value signal is made.

ATTENTION:

With controller mode "pQ control" and "Alternating control" the <u>dependencies of the inputs</u> and the respected!

Command	value	resp.	Command	value	position	(with	controller	mode	"pQ	control"	and	"Alternating
control"):												

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Configuration	In this range the configuration of the command signal is done	
Signal type	In this field the required signal type can be selected.	010 VDC +/-10 VDC
	The signal type " $+/-10$ VDC" can only be selected in the controller.	0 20 mA
	mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop", "Position open loop", and	420 mA
	"pQ control (2-sol)" and operating mode "Command value bipolar	Profile
	(2-sol)" (refer to section " <u>Configuration_Mode of operation</u> 40").	
	The signal type "Profile" can only be selected in the controller mode "Alternating control (2-sol).	
Input used	Depending on the SD6 type different voltage resp.current inputs	Analnp1 [V]
	are available (refer to chapter " <u>Technical specifications</u> 6 [\] ").	AnaInp2 [mA]
		AnaInp3 [V]
	The appropriate input for the selected signal type is automatically set	Analnp4 [mA]
	Different input for command and feedback signal should be used.	
Inversion	The analogue value read-in can be inverted (refer to the figure	no
	below).	yes
	The command value input can only be inverted in the controller	
Cabla broak	Switching on/ off of the cable break detection of the analogue	20
	input signals (refer to section "Cable-break detection" [13])	Ves
Scaling	In this range the scaling of the command signal is done. The	,
5	scaling depends on the selected controller mode:	
	Controller mode selection	
	- Pressure/flow valve closed loop	
	- Pressure/flow valve open loop - Position control closed loop	
	- Position open loop - pQ control (for Q command)	
	- pQ control (for p command)	
	Open Loop Closed Loop	
	Scaling by means of Scaling by means of	
	the parameters the parameters "Scaling" and "Offset" "Min Reference"	
	"Min. Interface",	
	"Max. Reference", "Max_Interface"	
	Max. menade .	



Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Scaling	With this parameter it is defined, by how many percent the	0.001 100.000%
	1mA at the analogue input (= gradient).	0.001%
	If the signal type is changed, then the parameter scaling is	
	automatically set to the corresponding default value (refer to	
	Attention: If the scaling does not correspond to the default value, the resolution is < 10-bit resp. < 16-bit!	
	This parameter can only be set in case of an open loop controller modes	
Offset	With this parameter the zero point of the analogue signal is set (refer to the figure below).	
	Depending on the signal type, the setting is in V or mA.	0 ±10.00V
	Voltage:	0.01V
	Current:	0 ±20.00mA 0.02mA
	This parameter can only be set in case of an open loop controller modes	
min interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "min Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V
	Current:	0.017 0 20.00mA 0.02mA
	This parameter can only be set in case of an closed loop controller modes.	
max interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "max Reference command value" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V
	Current:	0 20.00mA 0.02mA
	This parameter can only be set in case of an closed loop controller modes.	
min reference	Indicates the absolute command value measured value in a freely selected measuring point (refer to the figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The min reference command value has to be smaller than the max reference command value.	
	This parameter can only be set in case of an closed loop controller modes.	
max reference	Indicates the absolute command value measured value in a freely selected measuring point (refer to the figure below)	Dependent on unit
	The max reference command value has to be higher than the min reference command value.	
	This parameter can only be set in case of an closed loop controller modes	



Feedback value resp. Feedback value position (with controller mode "pQ control" and "Alternating control"):

These parameters are only adjustable with controller modes "Pressure/flow valve closed loop (1-sol)", "Speed control closed loop (2-sol)", "Position control closed loop (2-sol)", "Pressure control closed loop (2-sol)" and "Alternating control (2-sol)"

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Configuration	In this range the configuration of the feedback signal is done	
Signal type	In this field the required signal type can be selected.	010 VDC +/-10VDC 020 mA 420 mA SSI-Gray SSI-Binary Start/Stop
Input used	Depending on the SD6 type different voltage resp.current inputs are available (refer to chapter " <u>Technical specifications</u> ⁶ "). The appropriate input for the selected signal type is automatically set. Different input for command and feedback signal should be	Analnp1 [V] Analnp2 [mA] Analnp3 [V] Analnp4 [mA DigSens [X3]
Cablebreak	Switching-on/-off the cable break detection of the analogue	no
detection	input signals (refer to section "Cablebreak detection 13").	yes
Scaling	In this range the scaling of the feedback signal is done.	
min interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "min Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below). This parameter is only relevant if the used input is set to AnaInp1, AnaInp2, AnaInp3 or AnaInp4. Voltage: Current:	0 10.00V 0.01V 0 20.00mA 0.02mA
max interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "max Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below). This parameter is only relevant if the used input is set to AnaInp1, AnaInp2, AnaInp3 or AnaInp4. Voltage: Current:	0 10.00V 0.01V 0 20.00mA 0.02mA
min reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below). The min reference feedback value has to be smaller than the max reference feedback value. This parameter is only relevant if the used input is set to Analnp1, Analnp2, Analnp3 or Analnp4.	Dependent on unit



Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
max reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The max reference feedback value has to be higher than the min reference feedback value.	
	If the used input is to DigSens [X3], this value should correspond to the maximum possible stroke of the cylinder.	
Offset	Indicates the offset of the digital measuring system. This parameter is only relevant if the used input is set to DigSens [X3].	Dependent on unit
Resolution	Indicated the resolution of the digital measuring system. This parameter is only relevant if the signal type is set to SSI-Gray or SSI-Binary.	unit / inc
Bit number	Indicates the number of bits of the digital measuring system. This parameter is only relevant if the signal type is set to SSI-Gray or SSI-Binary.	
v-propagation	Indicates the propagation speed of the digital measuring system. This parameter is only relevant if the signal type is set to Start/Stop.	unit / s

Command value pressure (only with controller mode "pQ control" and "Alternating control"):

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Configuration	In this range the configuration of the command signal is done	
Signal type	In this field the required signal type can be selected. The signal type "+/-10 VDC" can only be selected in the controller mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop", "Position open loop", and "pQ control (2-sol)" and operating mode "Command value bipolar (2-sol)" (refer to section " <u>Configuration_Mode of operation</u> 40")"). The signal type "Profile" can only be selected in the parameter "Signal type paritien" is set also to "Prefile"	010 VDC +/-10 VDC 020 mA 420 mA Profile
Input used	Depending on the SD6 type different voltage resp.current inputs are available (refer to chapter " <u>Technical specifications</u> □6 ⁺ "). The appropriate input for the selected signal type is automatically set. Different input for appropriate input for the selected signal type is automatically set.	Analnp1 [V] Analnp2 [mA] Analnp3 [V] Analnp4 [mA]
	used.	
Cable break	Switching-on/-off of the cable break detection of the analogue input signals (refer to section <u>"Cable-break detection</u> " [13 ⁻]).	no yes
Scaling	In this range the scaling of the command signal is done.	
min interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "min Reference commandvalue". Voltage: Current:	0 10.00V 0.01V 0 20.00mA 0.02mA
max interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "max Reference command value.	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V 0.01V



Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
	Current:	0 20.00mA
		0.02mA
min reference	Indicates the absolute command value measured value in a freely selected measuring point (refer to the figure below). The min reference command value has to be smaller than the	Dependent on unit
	max reference command value.	
max reference	Indicates the absolute command value measured value in a freely selected measuring point (refer to the figure below)	Dependent on unit
	The max reference command value has to be higher than the min reference command value.	

Feedback value pressure (only with controller mode "pQ control" and "Alternating control"):

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Option	In this range the type of the connected pressure sensor is selected	
Sensor type	The pressure feedback signal is comming from a pressure or force sensor with an absolute signal (V or mA)	Absolute signal (1 sensor)
	The pressure feedback signal is built as a differential signal from two pressure or force sensors (V or mA)	Differential pressure (2 sensors)
Configuration sensor 1	In this range the configuration of the feedback signal from sensor 1 is done	
Signal type	In this field the required signal type can be selected.	010 VDC +/-10VDC 020 mA 420 mA
Input used	Depending on the SD6 type different voltage resp.current inputs are available (refer to chapter " <u>Technical</u> <u>specifications</u> 6 ⁻)").	AnaInp1 [V] AnaInp2 [mA] AnaInp3 [V] AnaInp4 [mA
	The appropriate input for the selected signal type is automatically set.	
	Different input for command and feedback signal should be used	
Cablebreak detection	Switching-on/-off the cable break detection of the analogue input signals (refer to section "Cablebreak detection 13").	no yes
Scaling sensor 1	In this range the scaling of the feedback signal from sensor 1 is done.	
min interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "min Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V 0.01V
	Current:	0 20.00mA 0.02mA
max interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "max Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V 0 01V
	Current:	0 20.00mA 0.02mA



Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
min reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The min reference feedback value has to be smaller than the max reference feedback value.	
max reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The max reference feedback value has to be higher than the min reference feedback value.	
Scaling sensor 2	In this range the scaling of the feedback signal from sensor 1 is done. This range is only active, if the parameter "Sensor type" is set to "Differential pressure (2 sensors)".	
min interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "min Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V
	Current:	0 20.00mA 0.02mA
max interface	Indicates the command A/D value in case of "max Reference commandvalue" (refer to the figure below).	
	Voltage:	0 10.00V
	Current:	0 20.00mA 0.02mA
min reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The min reference feedback value has to be smaller than the max reference feedback value.	
max reference	Indicates the absolute feedback value measured in a freely selectable measuring point (refer to figure below).	Dependent on unit
	The max reference feedback value has to be higher than the min reference feedback value.	

General:

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Display unit	In this field the required unit can be selected.	
	Controller mode pressure/flow control:	bar, psi, kN, MPa
	Controller mode speed control:	l/min, mm/s, 1/Min,
		inch/s, deg/s
	Controller mode position control:	mm, deg, inch
	All controller modes:	Own unit
	With controller modes "Alternating control", the displayed unit can be set separately for the position and pressure controller.	
Own unit	If with "Display unit" the type "Own unit" was selected, then	Min. number of characters: 1
	an own unit can be entered in this field.	Max. number of characters: 5



Dependencies of the inputs

With controller mode "pQ-control" and "Alternating control", the following dependencies of the inputs have to be considered:

- Because the SD6 card has only 4 analogue inputs, the parameter "Sensor type" can only be set to "Differential pressure (2 sensors)" if either
 - the parameter "Command value position Signal type" = "Profile" or
 - the parameter "Feedback value position Signal type" = "SSI-Gray", "SSI-Binary" or "Start/Stop" or
 - the position command value is specified via fieldbus (object "Device Mode" = "1") or
 - the pressure command value is specified via fieldbus (object "Device Mode Pressure" = "1") or
- The parameter "Command value pressure Signal type" can only be set to "Profile" if
 - the parameter "Command value position Signal type" is also set to "Profile"
- The parameter "Command value position Signaltyp" can only be set to "0...10 VDC", "+/-10VDC", "0...20 mA" or "4...20 mA" if
 - the parameter "Command value pressure Signal type" is not set to "Profile"

Controller mode "Pressure/flow valve open loop", "Position open loop", and "pQ control (2-sol)" (for the Q command):



Examples:



Used analogue signal: Command-Zero: Selected signal type: Standard Command-Zero: Adjustment offset: Signal working range: Signal range per solenoid: Adjustment Scaling:

Used analogue signal: Command-Zero: Selected signal type: Standard Command-Zero: Adjustment offset: Signal working range: Signal range per solenoid: Adjustment scaling:

Used analogue signal: Command-Zero: Selected signal type: Standard Command-Zero: Adjustment offset: Signal working range: Signal range per solenoid: Adjusment scaling: 4 ... 20 mA (4 mA + 20 mA) / 2 = 12 mA (middle of signal) 4 ... 20 mA 12 mA (middle of signal) 12 mA - 12 mA = **0 mA** 20 mA - 4 mA = 16 mA 8 mA (= Signal working range / 2) 100 % / 8 mA = **12.5 %/mA**

1.0 ... 8.0 V (1.0 V + 8.0 V) / 2 = 4.5 V (middle of signal) 0 ... 10 V 5 V (middle of signal) 4.5 V - 5 V = **-0.5 V** 8.0 V - 1.0 V = 7.0 V 3.5 V (= Signal working range / 2) 100 % / 3.5 V = **28.57 %/V**

-9.0 ... +9.0 V (-9.0 V + 9.0 V) / 2 = 0.0 V (middle of signal) +/-10 V 0.0 V (middle of signal) 0.0 V - 0.0 V = **0.0 V** 9.0 V - (-9.0 V) = 18.0 V 9.0 V (= Signal working range / 2) 100 % / 9.0 V = **11.11 %/V**



Examples:

Used analogue signal:	4 20 mA
Command-Zero at:	4 mA
Selected signal type:	4 20 mA
Standard Command-Zero at:	4 mA
Adjustment offset:	4 mA - 4 mA = 0 mA
Signal working range:	20 mA - 4 mA = 16 mA
Signal range per solenoid:	16 mA (= Signal working range)
Setting scaling:	100 % / 16 mA = 6.25 %/mA



Used analogue signal:	2.0 9.0 V
Command-Zero at:	2.0 V
Selected signal type:	0 10 V
Standard Command-Zero at:	0.0 V
Adjustment offset:	2.0 V - 0.0 V = 2.0 V
Signal working range:	9.0 V - 2.0 V = 7 V
Signal range per solenoid:	7.0 V (= Signal working range)
Setting scaling:	100 % / 7.0 V = 14.29 %/V

Default - values of the parameter "Scaling"

	Signal type			
Operating mode	0 10 VDC	+/-10 VDC	0 20 mA	4 20 mA
Command value unipolar (1-sol)	10 %/V		5 %/mA	6.25 %/mA
Command value unipolar (2-sol)	20 %/V		10 %/mA	12.5 %/mA
Command value bipolar (2-sol)		10 %/V		
Command value unipolar (2-sol single)	10 %/V		5%/mA	6.25%/mA



Controller mode "Pressure/flow valve closed loop (1-sol)", "Speed control closed loop (2-sol)", "Position control closed loop (2-sol)", "Pressure control closed loop (2-sol)", "pQ control" (for p command) and "Alternating control (2-sol)":

In controller mode 4, 7 and 9 the scaling is not set by means of gain and offset, but defined with two points. These points in the following are called scaling points. A scaling point consists of a reference value and an interface value.

Reference corresponds to the measuring value. In the following examples, the measuring value is a length. Interface corresponds to the analogue signal.

It is advisable to select the two scaling points as far apart from one another as possible. Attention has to be paid, that Min. Reference always has to be smaller than Max. Reference

Command value scaling:

In case of the command value normally the interface range and the reference range are known. From this two scaling points can be decided on without any measuring.

1st Example:

An external control system presets the command value in the form of a voltage signal (0 ... 10V). At 0V the position 0mm, and at 10V the position 100mm shall be run-up to.

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference Min. Interface	=	0mm 0V
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference Max. Interface	=	100mm 10V

2nd Example:

An external control system presets the command value in the form of a current signal (4 ... 20mA). At 4mA the position 0mm, and at 20mA the position 100mm shall be run-up to.

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference	=	0mm
	Min. Interface	=	4mA
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference	=	100mm
	Max. Interface	=	20mA



Feedback value scaling:

- 1. By means of direct solenoid actuation (chapter "Commands_Valve actuation" page 41) run-up to a position.
- 2. Measure the position (\rightarrow Reference value).
- 3. Measure the signal value of the feedback value sensor or select it by means of PASO (\rightarrow Interface value).
- 4. In this manner define two differing scaling points.



The following illustration shows various examples for the scaling. In feedback practice, the command value and the feedback value can be scaled differently.





\bigcirc

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference Min. Interface	=	0mm 0V or 0mA
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference Max. Interface	=	100mm 10V or 20mA

(2)

This example shows, that with positive interface values also negative reference values can be achieved.

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference Min. Interface	=	0mm 03.33V or 6.67mA
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference Max. Interface	=	50mm 10V or 20mA

3

This example shows, that the scaling points do not necessarily have to be the end points.

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference Min. Interface	=	25mm 7.5V or 15mA
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference Max. Interface	=	75mm 2.5V or 5mA

(4)

This example shows, that depending on the scaling 0mm are never reached.

Scaling point 1:	Min. Reference	=	25mm
	Min. Interface	=	10V or 20mA
Scaling point 2:	Max. Reference	=	87.5mm
	Max. Interface	=	0V or 0mA



7.7.4 Configuration_Digital IO

With this command, the digital inputs and ouputs (refer to section <u>"Digital inputs"</u> 13 and <u>"Outputs"</u> 13) of the connected SD6-Electronics can be set to active, not active or released.

Field	Parameter description	Range / step size
Digital inputs	Reset digital input by software	Off
	Set digital input by software	On
	Activate external digital input	External
Digital output 1	Reset digital output with software	Off
	Set digital output with software	On
	Set in case of an error	Error
	* Set in case of no error	Ready
Digital output 2	Reset digital output with software	Off
	Set digital output with software	On
	The digital output shows, if	
	- Solenoid B is active (in open loop modes 3 and 6)	Solenoid B active
	- * Solenoid B is not active (in open loop modes 3 and 6)	Solenoid B not active
	- Target window reached (in closed loop modes 4, 7, 9)	Inside target window
	- *Target window not reached (in closed loop modes 4, 7,	Outside target window
	9)	_

* This setting is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version > 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version > 1.5.0.9!

7.7.5 Configuration_Default setting

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode and in the SD6-state "Disabled" (refer to section <u>"SD6 State</u> <u>machine"</u> 11).

With this command, the default settings made in the factory will be loaded on the connected SD6-Electronics and read to the PC. After successfully read in, the question appears, if the values should be stored on the SD6-Electronics or not.

If "Yes" will be selected, the values will be stored in the way that they are available after the SD6-Electronics will be switched on again (non-volatile memory).

If "No" will be selected, the values are running at the moment, but after the SD6-Electronics will be switched on again, the before current values will be active again.



7.7.6 Configuration_ADC Scaling

In this window the analog/digital converter (ADC) can be scaled.

The ADC scaling was done at the factory. Disruptive change of this setting can lead to malfunction!

Field	Parameter description	Range / Step
Channel	Here the channel for scaling can be selected.	Solenoid output A
		Solenoid output B
	Depending on the SD6 card type not all channels are	Analog input 1
	available.	Analog input 2
		Analog input 3
		Analog output 4
Internal measured	This is the value which is measured internally on	
value SD6	SD6-electronics. This corresponds to the value which is	
	displayed in the menu <u>"Analysis_Values</u> " 60 ⁵ .	
External measured	Here must be entered the value witch is external	Depending on channel
value P1	measured with a multimeter. For bipolar signals, only the	
(Multimeter)	positive side is considered.	
Take over	The value from the field "Internal measured value SD6" and	
	"External measured value P1 (iviuitimeter)" is assumed for the calculation.	
External measured	Here must be entered the value witch is external	Depending on channel
value P2	measured with a multimeter. For bipolar signals, only the	
(Multimeter)	positive side is considered.	
Take over	The value from the field "Internal measured value SD6" and	
	"External measured value P2 (Multimeter)" is assumed for	
Coloulata	the calculation.	l
Calculate	and "External measured values 111email measured value 500	
	the new value for the offset and the amplification of ADC	
	scaling is automatically calculated and sent to the	
	SD6-Electronics.	
	The new calculated values are displayed in the field	
	"Offset" and "Amplification".	
	This button is only active if values were previously	
	assumed.	
Return	The values "External measured value P1 resp. P2	
	(Multimeter)" are set to 0	
Solenoid current	With the selection "Solenoid current A" resp. "Solenoid	
	current B, the direct operation of the soleholds can be made in this range	
	ATTENTION: With the direct solenoid operation, the	
	system can move in an uncontrolled way!	
	The settings correspond to the functions in the section	
	"Commands_Valve operation" 57	



For the ADC scaling, following sequence must be maintained for each channel:

- 1. Selection of the channel (Field "Channell")
- 2. Approach the point P1 (should be approx. 10% from the maximum value)
- 3. Enter the value witch is external measured with a multimeter in the field "External measured value P1 (Multimeter)"
- 4. Press button "Take over"
- 5. Approach the point P2 (should be approx. 80% from the maximum value)
- 6. Enter the value witch is external measured with a multimeter in the field "External measured value P2 (Multimeter)"
- 7. Press button "Take over"
- 8. Press button "Calculate". Thus, the new value for the offset and the amplification of ADC scaling is automatically calculated and sent to the SD6-Electronics. If the calculation results an incorrect value, an error message is displayed and the values will not be changed.



Closing the window without pressing "Calculate" does not change the ADC scaling values.



7.7.7 Configuration_Interface

If a Wandfluh-device with USB interface is connected, by this command the USB parameters will be displayed otherwise an error message will be displayed.

7.7.8 Configuration_Language

In this window, the language can be selected, with which the PASO DSV/SD6 will be inscribed. This setting is automatically saved in the file "konfig.kon" and taken over with a new start.

Field	Parameter description	Range / Step
Language	Field, from which the desired language can be selected.	deutsch
		english
		français



7.8 Commands-Menu

In the Commands menu, direct control commands can be transmitted to the SD6-Electronics.

7.8.1 Commands_Command simulation

This setting is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version > 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version > 1.5.0.9!

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode and if the operating mode is set to "Remote PASO" (refer to section <u>"Operating mode" (12)</u>).

In this window, the input of a command value can be made directly.

It is possible to hold open also the window "Analysis - Values" or "Analysis - Signal recording" at the same time. These can be made with the selection of the menu item "Analysis - Values" or "Analysis - Signal recording" in the menu bar. Thus, the impact of the changed command value can be directly analyzed. If two windows are open, the window "Analysis - Values" resp. "Analysis - Signal recording" must be closed first before even the window "Command simulation" can be closed.

NOTE: Each entry has a direct impact on the system

Field	Parameter description	Range / Step
Enable	The command simulation is enabled The command simulation is disabled (the last active command value is maintained)	Enable Disable
Command value	Desired value of the command value. The value can be adjusted in the selected unit.	Adapted to unit
Speed	After a command value jump the new command value is run-up to over a linear ramp (depending on the speed set). On the actuator this corresponds to a certain travel speed.	0 2000 Step size depends on the scaling
Step	With this value the command value will be added by clicking on the button "Step up" resp. will be subtracted by clicking on the button "Step down".	Adapted to unit
Step up	The command value will be added with the value from "Step"	
Step down	The command value will be subtracted with the value from "Step"	

With the control mode "pQ control (2-sol) and "Alternating control (2-sol)", the settings can be made for both controllers.

7.8.2 Commands_Valve operation

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode and if the operating mode is set to "Remote PASO" (refer to section <u>"Operating mode"</u> [12⁻]).

In this window, the valve can be directly actuated via the elements available in the window.

It is possible to hold open also the window "Analysis - Values" or "Analysis - Signal recording" at the same time. These can be made with the selection of the menu item "Analysis - Values" or "Analysis - Signal recording" in the menu bar. Thus, the impact of the changed command value can be directly analyzed. If two windows are open, the window "Analysis - Values" resp. "Analysis - Signal recording" must be closed first before even the window "Command simulation" can be closed.



Field	Parameter description	Range / Step
Current	The solenoid current can be command either with the slide	0100%
	control or in the numerical field.	(IminImax)
Operation	Through this key, the current set can be switched to the solenoid or else the solenoid can be switched to be without current.	Start / Stop
Solenoid change	If a two solenoid valve is available, then with this switch one can changeover between solenoid A and - B.	A / B

7.8.3 Commands_Local Operating PASO Operating

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode and if the SD6-state is set to "Disabled" (refer to section "SD6 State machine" [11^b]).

If the command "PASO operating" will be activated (only possible if the operating mode is set to "Local"), the SD6-Electronics can be operated direct through the PASO with the commands "Valve operation" and "Enable / Disable". There is no operation through the analogue and digital inputs possible. The operating mode will be changed to "Remote PASO".

If the command "Local operating" will be activated (only possible if the operating mode is set to "Remote PASO"), the SD6-Electronics can be operated through the analogue and digital inputs. A direct valve operation (refer to section <u>"Commands Valve operation"</u> (s)) is not possible. The operating mode will be changed to "Local".

7.8.4 Commands_Disable Enable

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode and if the operating mode is set to "Remote PASO" (refer to section <u>"Mode of operation</u>" [17]).

With the command "Enable", the SD6-Electronics will be set to the state "Active" (refer to section <u>"SD6 State</u> <u>machine"</u> 11) and it is generally enabled.

With the command "Disable", the SD6-Electronics will be set to the state "Disabled" (refer to section <u>"SD6 State</u> <u>machine"</u> 11) and it is generally disabled.



7.9 Fieldbus-Menu

In the Fieldbus menu, bus-specific settings can be made.

7.9.1 Fieldbus_Fieldbus Info

If the SD6-Electronics have a fieldbus, with this menu point the necessary bus node adjustments can be made. Also bus states will be displayed here.

If the SD6-Electronics have no fieldbus, the message "The connected SD6-Electronics don't provide an external bus port" will appear.

For more information about the possibilities for the SD6-Electronics with fieldbus, please refer to the document "OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS SD6 PROFIBUS-DP Device-Profile in accordance with Fluid Power Technology".



7.10 Analysis-Menu

In the Analysis menu, measured values and possible errors on the SD6-Electronics can be displayed on-line.

7.10.1 Analysis_Values

This menu point is only active in the "On Line" - mode.

With this command, all relevant data of the connected SD6-Electronics are read-in and displayed. The values are continuously updated (on-line).

Field	Description	Unit
Analogue input set-point	Voltage -, resp. current value of the analogue input A	V
value		mA
Set-point value	Scaled set-point value A	Unit set
Analogue input feedback	Voltage -, resp. current value of the feedback value	V
value		mA
Feedback value	Scaled feedback value C, is only indicated in controller mode 4, 7 and 9.	Unit set
Control difference	Scaled control difference, is only indicated in controller mode 4, 7 and 9.	Unit set
* Control value	Command value for the solenoid driver	%
Command solenoid current	Control signal before the solenoid output A.	mA
A		
Solenoid current A	Measured solenoid current to the solenoid A	mA
Command solenoid current	Control signal before the solenoid output B	mA
В		
Solenoid current B	Measured solenoid current to the solenoid B	mA
Supply voltage	Supply voltage of the SD6-Electronics	V
Target window reached	Indicates, whether the set target window has been reached	yes / no
	(Chapter <u>"Parameter_Window"</u> (38는).	
Trailing error	Indicates, whether the trailing error limit has been exceeded	yes / no
	(Chapter <u>"Parameter_Window"</u> 38).	
Digital inputs	Logical statuses of the digital input:	
	If the input is set	1
	If the input is not set	0
Digital outputs	Logical statuses of the digital output:	
	If the outputs are set	1
	If the outputs are not set	0

* This value is available only with a SD6-electronics with software version > 1.1.1.6 and PASO with software version > 1.5.0.9!

7.10.2 Analysis_Signal Recording

In the menu "Analysis_Signal recording", various signals of the connected SD6-Electronics can be recorded and analysed.

The selection of the data to be recorded takes place in the menu "Signal assignment", which is selected through the key "Signal assignment". In the "Off - mode" it is not possible to record signals, it is possible, however, to process the recording parameters (menu "Signal assignment").

As a standard, it is possible to record up to 250 measuring values per measuring channel (maximum 4 channels). The maximum recording duration of the recording can be derived from the scanning rate set multiplied with the number of the measuring values. The scanning rate as a minimum amounts to 4ms. Because the first measured value is recorded at the point in time zero (start), the last measurement is situated one scanning step before the end of the measuring duration.

The recording parameters (signal type, scanning rate, etc.) together with the parameters are saved on the card and when saving to a file they are saved on the hard-disk.



The recorded measuring values are **not** saved with the parameters. However, there is the possibility of exporting the recorded measuring values (key "Export").

With the help of the time cursor, the measuring values are displayed for every point in time.

When changing the mode "On-Line / Off-Line" and when terminating the PASO, the recorded measuring values are lost.

Field	Parameter description
Signal display	Switching-on the fields makes the recorded curve of the respective channel visible.
Time cursor	Positioning the time cursor over the input field time [s] or with the help of the slider
	control underneath the graphics.
Signal assignment	Opens the menu signal assignment (see below).
New	Any recorder data are deleted and the card is ready for a new recording.
Start / Stop	 Start A new recording is started. As soon as the trigger is actuated, the recording runs (apparent by the blinking of the field "Recording") and the measuring data are transmitted. If there are already measuring data in the memory, then the recording continues as from this point. Once the maximum number of measuring values has been read-in, the possible remaining recording data are transmitted (the curves continue to be updated). During the transmission, it is already possible to analyse the curves ("Signal display", "Auto-scaling"). Stops the transmission and the recording. As from this point it is possible to record once again by a renewed actuation of Start. Once the maximum number of measuring values has been read-in, or in the case of "Off-I ine operation" the Start key is dimmed.
Export	By the actuation of this key the recorded data are saved on the hard-disk. The format used is a text format with tabulators as separators, so that it is easily possible to import the values into a different program (e.g. Excel). The decimal marker of the numbers can be selected: Decimal point or comma.
Auto-scaling	With this key, the curves are displayed in the graphics in an optimum manner. The optimisation is only carried out for the inserted curves. The values "Scaling/Div" and "Offset" of the corresponding channels (" <u>Signal assignment</u> of"), are adapted for this purpose. The auto-scaling is also operative during a recording.
Ciosing	these are displayed once more by a renewed selection of the menu.

Menu Signal Assignment

This menu is opened by the actuation of the key "Signal assignment" in the Signal Recording window. In this menu, you can select which signals you would like to record.

- 1. Up to four recording channels are available and can be activated for the recording.
- 2. Under "Signal" you can select, which type of signal you would like to record.
- 3. Under "Trigger" you can select the channel, on which triggering takes place, as well as the triggering flank and the triggering level.
- 4. Under "Sample Time", the scanning rate is defined (0.004...60 s, a multiple of 4ms).
- 5. The display of the recording curves is defined by "Scaling/Div" and "Offset".
- 6. Leaving the menu with OK:
- If changes under 1-5 have been made, then any possible recording data (together with the graphics) are deleted.
- 7. Leaving the menu with Cancel:
- Any possible changes are cancelled again.

The display parameters "Scaling/Div" and "Offset" are saved on the card together with the parameters.



HINT: The signal "Solenoid current A/B" is averaged over one dither-period (even when setting the dither-amplitude to 0). This causes a "staircase effect" in the signal recording at low dither-frequencies. The real solenoid current does not showing this effect!



7.10.3 Analysis_Diagnostics

With this command, possibly present errors on the connected SD6-Electronics are indicated. The error is read in once. A complete description of the error will be displayed.

In the status line of the main window it will be displayed if an error is present (State: Error) or not (State: Ready).

The red LED on the SD6-Electronics will blink in accordance with the current error.

Diagnostics:	Error	Error remedy	Blink code
Power supply fault	If the supplied voltage < 18VDC.	Disable and reenable the control	1 x
Cable break input 2	This error is only detected, if the parameter "cablebreak" is set to "yes" and the parameter "signal type" is set to "420 mA". The solenoid outputs are blocked.	Disable and reenable the control	2 x
Short circuit solenoid output	There is a short circuit on the solenoid output	Disable and reenable the control	3 x
Memory error	There is an internal memory error on the SD6-Electronics	Switch off and switch on again the control	4 x



7.11 Help-Menu

The PASO DSV/SD6-Help based on the standard Windows-Help construction.

With the button "Help" in each window, the corresponding help text will be displayed.

7.11.1 Help_Description of the function

A general information about the function of the SD6-Electronics will be displayed.

7.11.2 Help_Contents

The list of contents of the PASO DSV/SD6-Help will be displayed. By clicking on the desired subject, the corresponding help text will be displayed.

7.11.3 Help_Index

The list of index of the PASO DSV/SD6-Help will be displayed. With entering a search item, all subject corresponding to the search item will be listed.

7.11.4 Help_SD6 Identification

This menu point is only active in the "On Line"-mode. Here the current version of the hardware and the software from the connected SD6-Electronics will be read and displayed.

7.11.5 Help_WANDFLUH on the Web

A link to the WANDFLUH home page.

7.11.6 Help_Info

Information about PASO DSV/SD6 and its version.



8 System does not work

In this section, the generally possible errors and the procedures for eliminating them are listed and explained.

8.1 Procedure

The following check list can be used to help, if a problem is arised.

Question:	Action:	Possible errors and causes	Blink code
State: Error	Analysis_Diagnosti cs Power supply error	 The supplied voltage is under 18VDC. The error is also displayed if a supplied voltage interruption occurred (t > 250ms). Is the supplied power sufficient? Is the AC voltage too high (refer to section <u>"Electrical specifications"</u> [6th]) When the error is cleared, disable the controller for a short period and re-enable (Digital Input 1) 	1 x
	Analysis_Diagnosti cs Cable break input	 The cable break detection functions only with 4 20mA command value. The command value signal is absent or is smaller than 3mA. Check the command value signal connections between the command value encoder and SD6-Electronics. If the cablebreak detection is not desired, switch off the cablebreak function in the menu "Configuration". When the error is cleared, disable the controller for a short period and re-enable. 	2 x
	Analysis_Diagnosti cs Short circuit solenoid output	 There is a short circuit on the solenoid output When the error is cleared, disable the controller for a short period and re-enable. 	3 x



9 PASO DSV/SD6 Installation and Operation

The parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 serves for the parameterising and diagnosing of all Electronic cards SD6 of the WANDFLUH AG company. The software provides a user interface, through which by means of a keyboard or a mouse all adjustments and settings can easily be carried out. The communication with the digital card takes place through a USB-interface.

The parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 can only be utilised in connection with a SD6-Electronics of the WANDFLUH AG company.

9.1 System presupposition

A description of the different PASO versions is located in the file "history.pdf". This file is located in the directory where the PASO will be installed.

In order to be able to correctly utilise the PASO, an IBM-compatible PC with the following requirements has to be available:

- Processor 486 or higher, min. 33MHz, min. 8MB RAM Recommended: 80586 66MHz or higher, 16 MB RAM or more
- Free harddisk storage space of minimum 4MB, plus storage space for program files
- Operating system Windows 2000 or Windows XP (Windows Vista on request)
- Standard VGA or higher graphics card, recommended resolution 800x600
- At least one USB interface (USB 1.1 or USB 2.0)
- USB cable type A => B, male/male

9.2 Installation

The PASO software can be downloaded via the Internet free of charge (www.wandfluh.com/Download => PASO DSV/SD6 => Download Program files) or on request delivered on an installation-CD.

The installation of the PASO is then carried out by executing the file "setupPasoDSVvxxxx.exe", where "xxxx" means the current version (e.g. setupPasoDSVv1000.exe, see also version index). An installation program takes over the complete installation of PASO. To them, the Windows Installer must be installed. This is normally a part of the Windows Environment. If not, please download it from the Microsoft Website.

If there is already a version of the PASO software installed on the PC, one can select if the existing version should be overwritten or removed.

The helpfiles are included in the setup and are installed automatically.

9.3 Connection to the Wandfluh card

The connection between the PC, on which the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 is installed, and the SD6-Electronics takes place through the USB interface. To do this, a USB cable type $A \Rightarrow B$, male/male has to be connected with the desired USB port on the PC and with the USB socket on the SD6-Electronics.

During the installation of the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6, the used USB driver for the SD6-Electronics will be installed automatically. A new installation of this driver is possible. In the directory, where the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 is installed, there is a sub directory "USB_Driver". In this sub directory, there is a file "PreInstaller.exe". With executing this file, the installation of the USB driver is possible.

If the USB driver for the SD6-Electronics is installed correctly, it must be shown in the Windows Devicemanager in the "USB-Controller" as "Wandfluh AG - SD6" while a SD6-Electronics is connected to the PC.

Hint: The USB driver is not Windows certificated. Therefore a Windows warning message appears during installation with Windows XP. Please click "install" to continue installation. The PC will not be



damaged. The same warning messege apears by connecting a SD6-Electronics to the PC the first time. In this case please click "install". Both warning messages appear only with Windows XP. They do not appear with Windows 2000.

9.4 Mode "Off Line" and "On Line"

The parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 runs in one of two modes:

• In the **"Off Line"-mode**, the processing of the parameter files is possible. This has no influence in a possible connected Wandfluh-Electronics. The communication with the Wandfluh-Electronics is not active. A connection is allowed, but not necessary.

All menu points and keys, which involve an action in connection with the communication, are then blocked.

• In the **"On Line"-mode**, there is active communication with the Wandfluh-Electronics. Every change becomes immediately effective in the Wandfluh-Electronics. In this mode, the loading and processing of files is not possible. Only the saving of the currently active parameters to a file is possible.

There is permanent communication between the PASO DSV/SD6 and the connected Wandfluh-Electronics. Because of that, it is not allowed to disconnect the connection to the Wandfluh-Electronics or to switch off the Wandfluh-Electronics in the "On Line"-mode.

The change between the two modes takes place through the menu point "File_Activate On Line / Activate Off Line". Near it, it's possible to select if the data should take over from the Wandfluh-Electronics (data flow Wandfluh-Electronics => PASO) or if the Wandfluh-Electronics should be reprogramed with the new actual data (data flow PASO => Wandfluh-Electronics).

In case of an interference in the communication, the controlling of the Wandfluh-Electronics is not assured anymore. An error message follows and the PASO DSV/SD6 software automatically changes over to the "Off Line"-mode (refer to section <u>"Communication interruption</u>" [68]).

9.5 Communication start up

When the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 is started up, a check takes place, as to whether a communication with the Wandfluh-Electronics is possible. If no communication can be established, an error message appears (refer to section <u>"Communication interruption</u>" [68⁻]). If a communication with the connected card is possible, a check will be made, whether the current configuration of the PASO DSV/SD6 corresponds to the configuration of the connected Wandfluh-Electronics. If yes, the parameters will be transferred from the Wandfluh-Electronics to the PASO DSV/SD6. If no, a message will be displayed and the current configuration from the PASO DSV/SD6 will change automatically over to the new configuration and the parameters will be transferred from the Wandfluh-Electronics to the PASO DSV/SD6.

If several Wandfluh-Electronic devices are connected via the USB-Interface, the following window appears:

Please select the desired de	vice:		
Serial number	Description	PID	VID
SD6302D20-AA 0600100001	Wandfluh AG - SD6	81C3	10C4
SD6302D20-AA 0600100002	Wandfluh AG - SD6	81C3	10C4
SD6302D20-AA 0600100003	Wandfluh AG - SD6	81C3	1004
1 30 6302020444 0600100004	wandilumAd - 506	1 0103	1 1004

Here, the desired device for the communication start up can be selected.



9.6 Communication interruption

If no communication is possible during the start up or the interruption of the communication occurs during the operation of the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6, then an error message appears and the PASO DSV/SD6 software is set to the "Off Line"-mode. All menu points and keys, which involve an action in connection with the communication, are now blocked. In order to re-establish a communication, the menu point "File_Activate On Line" has to be selected.

Possible reasons for no communication is possible during the start up are:

• Wrong Device type

The device type must be SD6. The picture in the PASO must be as follows:



If there is another picture, go trough the following steps:

- Menu "<u>File New</u> [29]" (only possible in the OFF-Line mode)
- "Would you like to retain the current configuration?" say "No"
- Select device type "SD6" => "OK"
- Select the desired function => "OK"
- Select the desired number of solenoid => "OK"

• No device connected

In the menu "<u>Configuration - Interface</u> 56th", you can see the following items:



Seriel number		\$06300000AA_0704300079
Desemption	Γ	Wandfluh As I SD6
Vordoi D	Γ	°U_4
Product ID	F	0120

You can see these items also in the OFF-Line mode and without power supply on the SD6 card. If these items are not visible, there is a problem with the USB driver or with the USB connection. To check the USB driver, go through the following steps:

- Select in the Windows "Start - System - Hardware - Device Manager"

- In the item "USB-Controller" the entry "Wandfluh AG - SD6" must be written

- If this entry is missing, no USB connection to the SD6 card is available => check the USB cable

- If the entry "Wandfluh AG - SD6" is marked with a yellow mark, double click on it and reinstall the driver

- If you have to look for a driver, the directory is "location\PasoDSVSD6v....\USB_Driver" (the location is the directory where the PASO is installed)

To check the USB connection, go through the following steps:

- take out the USB cable

- wait 10s

- reconnect the USB cable

• SD6 card not supplied

If step 1 and 2 are ok, but there is still no communication possible, be sure that the SD6 card is supplied with supply voltage.

9.7 Program description

9.7.1 Description of the keys

ТАВ	Transfer to the next input element
SHIFT-TAB	Transfer to the previous input element
ENTER	Execution of the active input element or conclusion of an input.
ESC	Abort, undoing of an action.
	In many cases corresponds to the key "Cancel".
F1	Activate the key "Help"

9.7.2 Input elements

Кеу	A key executes the action, with which it is inscribed.
	 Actuation of a key through the keyboard: Push the key TAB, until the key becomes active. Push the key ENTER. The action is now carried out. Push the key ALT and the underlined letter of the key inscription: The action is carried out immediately.

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	Actuation of a key with the mouse:	
• • •	Click on the corresponding key. The action is now carried out.	
Switch	By means of a switch, a selection between two possibilities is possible. A switch is either switched on or - off.	
	Actuation of a switch through the keyboard:	
	Push the keys UP or HOME to switch on the switch.	
	Push the keys DOWN or END to switch off the switch.	
	 Push the SPACE key for changing over (switching over). 	
	Actuation of a switch with the mouse:	
	Click on the switch for changing over (switching over).	
Input field	The input fields enable the entering of numbers or text. All applicable keys of the keyboard are allowed, including the keys HOME, END, LEFT, RIGHT. In certain cases when taking it over, the input is checked and if necessary an error message is issued.	
	Actuation of an input field through the keyboard:	
	 Push the key ENTER or TAB to finish with the input field. 	
	 In the case of input fields with ARROW keys UP and DOWN: Actuation of the 	
	UP-/DOWN - keys for the step by step changing of the values.	
	Actuation of an input field with the mouse:	
	 Click within the input field, in order to position the cursor in it. 	
	 In the case of input fields with ARROW keys UP and DOWN: Click on the 	
	corresponding arrow for the step by step changing of the values.	
Selection field	The selection fields enable the selection from various possibilities.	
	Actuation of a selection field through the keyboard:	
	Push the SPACE key to open all selection possibilities. With the help of the	
	keys UP, DOWN, HOME, END, make the required selection. Subsequently	
	push the ENTER key to confirm the required selection, or else the ESC key to	
	undo the selection.	
	 Push the key UP to cyclically select the previous selection. 	
	 Push the key DOWN to cyclically select the next selection. 	
	 Push the key HOME to select the first item of the selection list. 	
	 Push the key END to select the last item of the selection list. 	
	Actuation of a selection field with the mouse:	
	Click inside the selection field so that all selection possibilities are displayed	
	and then click on the required selection.	



9.8 Starting of PASO DSV/SD6

Following the successful installation, the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 can be started by double-clicking on the PASO DSV/SD6 - icon. Certain settings of the PASO DSV/SD6 software, e.g., the selected interface port, are saved in the file "konfig.kon". When PASO DSV/SD6 is started for the first time, the configuration values in this file are set to standard values. During the course of running the program, these values can be corrected.

After the start-up, the Start window appears:



During the start-up, the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 checks, whether a Wandfluh-Electronics device is connected. If no communication can be established, an error message appears (refer to section "Communication interruption" (as)) and the "Off Line"-mode will become active. All menu points and keys, which involve an action in connection with the communication, are then blocked. All other functions of the parameterisation software PASO DSV/SD6 can be utilised without any limitation.

If the communication works without any interference, the software PASO DSV/SD6 checks, whether the current configuration of the PASO DSV/SD6 corresponds with the configuration of the connected digital controller card. If no, a message will be displayed and the current configuration from the PASO DSV/SD6 will change automatically over to the new configuration

Subsequently the parameters are loaded from the card and subsequently a verification of the Wandfluh-Electronics values takes place. If one or several parameters are outside the corresponding tolerance, they are replaced with standard values and a message is issued (refer so section <u>"Limiting value error"</u> ⁷²). The changed parameters can be either sent directly to the connected Wandfluh-Electronics or the communication start-up can be terminated (the "Off-Line"-mode will become active). In the latter case the user has the possibility to correct the parameters in "Off-Line"-mode. The communication is resumed again via the menu point "File_Activate On Line". Subsequently the user has to select the option "Reprogram the Wandfluh-Electronics", in order for the corrected values to be made active on the Wandfluh-Electronics.

The menu points in the menu line can be selected in the following manner:

- by clicking on them with the mouse
- by actuating the key "ALT" and the underlined letter of the required menu point
- if a menu point has been selected, then by means of the keys "←" and "→" one can change to the next menu point and with the keys "↑" and "↓" one can change to the next sub-menu point within the menu selection field.
- by clicking on the corresponding icon in the icon list



In the header line of the window, the name of the current file is always displayed. If no existing file has been loaded or if the data have not been saved to a file, then this line reads "noname".

The following states will be displayed in the status line:

PASO state:

- 1st field: Selected interface ("USB")
- 2nd field: Current mode ("On Line" or "Off Line", refer to section "Mode "Off Line" and "On Line" [7]

Device state:

- 1nd field: Operating mode ("Remote PASO" or "Local", refer to section <u>"Mode of operation"</u> 17)
- 2nd field: Characteristic optimisation ("KL-Optimierung", refer to section "Characteristic optimisation" 10)
- 3th field: Mode of operation ("Remote PASO" or "Local", refer to section "Mode of operation" (17)
- 4th field Setup mode ("Setup mode", refer to section "Setup mode")
- 5th field: SD6 state ("Disabled" or "Active", refer to section "SD6 State machine" [1])
- 6th field: Error state (Ready or Error, refer to section <u>"Analysis_Diagnostic"</u> [3])

9.9 Store parameter

Each new input value is immediately transferred to the connected Wandfluh-Electronics after the completion of the input field (either by pushing the key ENTER or by activating another input field).

If the window is closed with the key "OK", the values are stored in the Wandfluh-Electronics so that they are available after the Wandfluh-Electronics are switched on again (non-volatile memory).

If the window is closed with the key "Cancel", the previous current values are active again. All inputs made in the current window are cancelled.

9.10 Limiting value error

Each incoming parameter (either transferred via the serial interface or loaded from a file) is checked against the limiting value. If a parameter is smaller or bigger than its limiting value (= limiting value error), it is set automatically to the default value and the following window appears:

	Parameter	Current Value	Min Value	May Value	Defaultivalue
ř	Imax A	1051.5	0.0	1000.0	700.0
2	Imax B	1087.5	0.0	1000.0	700.0
3	Signal type analog input A	8	0	3	0 [010 VDC]
1	Digital output 1	-2	0	2	2 [X]
5					
3					
1					-
В					


Parameter:Name of the parameter with the limiting value errorCurrent value:Current value of the parameterMin. value:Minimum allowed value of the parameterMax. value:Maximum allowed value of the parameterDefault value:Default value of the parameter

After pressing the key "OK", the current value is overwritten by the default value.

Normally, a limiting value error does not happen. However, in the following cases it can happen:

- loading a file, in which parameter values have been changed from outside
- reading parameter values from a Wandfluh-Electronics device with another configuration than the current configuration in the PASO (only if the Wandfluh-Electronics were changed while in the "On Line"-mode)
- if the transmission of the parameter values is wrong

9.11 Description of Commands

The description of the individual commands and parameters is contained in section "Settings" 10.



10 Disposal

- The SD6-Electronics have to be disposed of in accordance with the generally applicable regulations of that country, in which it is being used.
- · Electronics components are recycled by companies specialised in this field.

11 Additional information

You can find additional information in the following Wandfluh documentations:

Wandfluh-Electronics general	Documentation A	Register	1.13
Accessories	Documentation A	Register	1.13
Proportional directional control valves	Documentation A	Register	1.10
Proportional pressure control valves	Documentation A	Register	2.3
Proportional flow control valves	Documentation A	Register	2.6